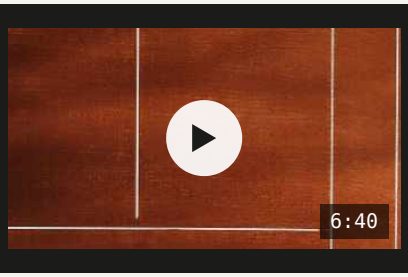
MATCH ANALYSIS · U16 SINGLES · CLAY

Player A *v* Player B

First set, 56 points from 58 minutes of video. Every point was logged by hand: serve, return, rally length, how it ended.

SET 1	GAMES
Player A	4
Player B	**6**

PLAYER	ACADEMY	MATCH DATE	ANALYST
Player A, right-handed	[Academy name]	[Date]	Piotr Kusiewicz



VIDEO ANALYSIS

Piotr walks you through the set

The three moments on page 4, with the clips side by side and drawn on. Start here, then read the report.

`Scan or open tacticaltennislab.com → My reports`

01 Summary

Player A did not lose this set in the rallies. It was lost on the second serve. From the third game the returner stood inside the baseline on the deuce side, because 7 of 8 second serves went to the body there. Once a point got past four shots, Player A won more of them than the opponent.

Watch game 7 first. Two second serves, same spot, both returns at the feet.
P.K.

7/8	38%	44%	9/14
second serves to the same zone	points won on 2nd serve	won in rallies of 0–4 shots	unforced errors on the backhand

02 What to change first

1 **Second serve: two targets, chosen before the toss** — SERVE · PAGE 2
Body and wide on the deuce side. Same toss, same rhythm. Right now the returner can read it from the stance.

2 **Change direction on the first neutral ball** — PATTERNS · PAGE 3
Rallies stay cross-court too long. The first ball that lands inside the baseline goes down the line.

3 **Earlier backhand turn under pace** — MOMENT 27:08 · PAGE 4
The unit turn starts after the bounce, so contact is late. This shows up from shot five onwards.

03 Serve and return

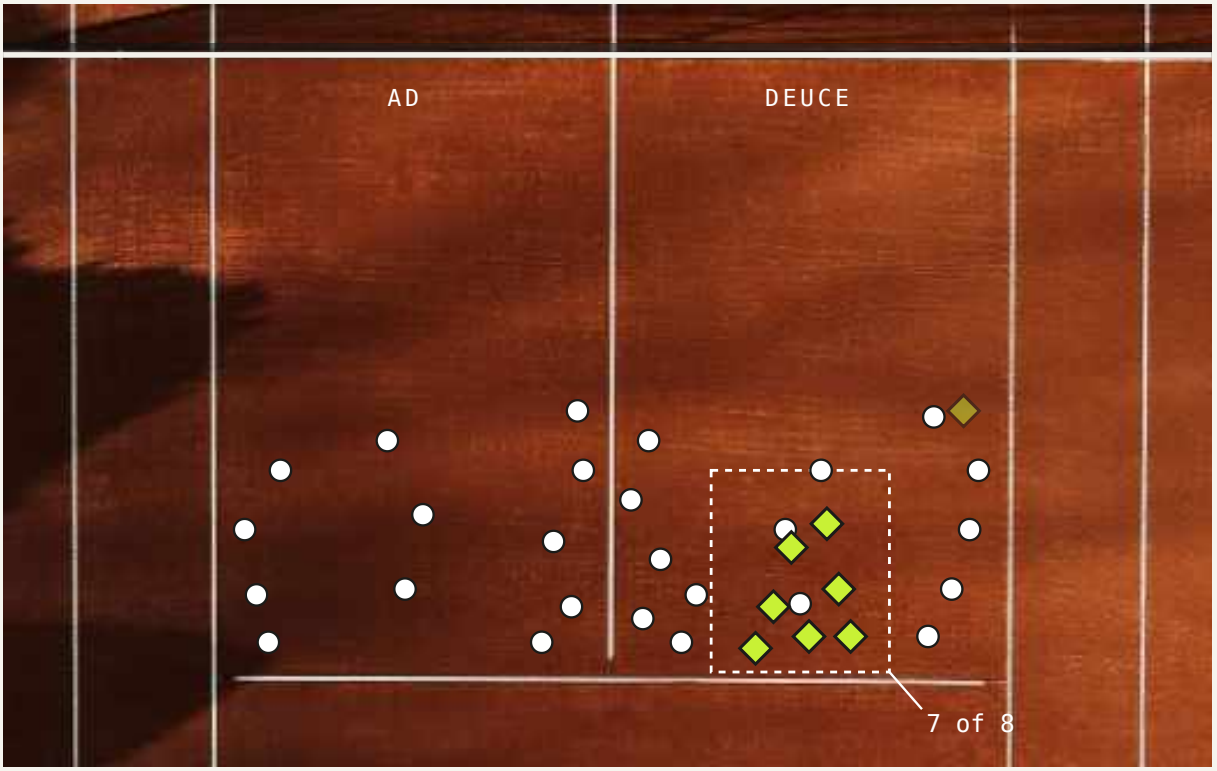


Fig. 1 · Bounce of every serve that went in, plotted on the court. Seen from behind the server.

○ First serve
26 in, 58%. Spread across wide, body and T. Hard to read.

◇ Second serve
8 in. Seven land in the dashed box, one wide.

He knows where it is going before you toss.
P.K.

DIRECTION	1ST IN	1ST WON	2ND IN	2ND WON
Wide	9	6 (67%)	1	1
Body	6	4 (67%)	7	2 (29%)
T	11	8 (73%)	0	–
Total	26	18 (69%)	8	3 (38%)

Return depth

Deep	31%
Middle	46%
Short	23%

72% of returns in play. Deep = within about 1.5 m of the baseline.

Reading it

The first serve works because it moves. The second serve does the opposite, so the returner stands still and steps in. On return, almost a quarter of balls land short and Player B starts the rally on the attack.

04 Rallies and patterns

RALLY LENGTH	POINTS	SHARE	WON BY A
0–4 shots serve, return, first ball	31	55%	44%
5–8 shots	17	30%	59%
9+ shots	8	15%	56%

Longer points are his. The match is in the first four shots.
P.K.

By game situation

SITUATION	POINTS	WON	VERDICT
Serving	29	55%	Work on
Returning	27	37%	Main problem
Both at the baseline	21	62%	Strength
Approaching and at the net	4	75%	Use more
Defending and passing	6	33%	As expected

Unforced errors

SHOT	0–4	5–8	9+
Forehand	2	2	1
Backhand	1	4	4

Backhand errors come later in the point, under pace. That is preparation, not shot choice.

Pressure points

	RESULT
Break points saved	2 / 5
Break points won	1 / 3
At 30–30 and deuce	4 / 9

On break points against, 4 of 5 second serves went to the body.

The pattern that works

After a short cross-court ball, Player A steps in and plays the forehand inside-out with height. It won 4 of 5 times in this set and was used only five times.

1. B plays short cross-court
2. A moves in and around the ball
3. Inside-out forehand, high over the net
4. B is wide, next ball into the open court

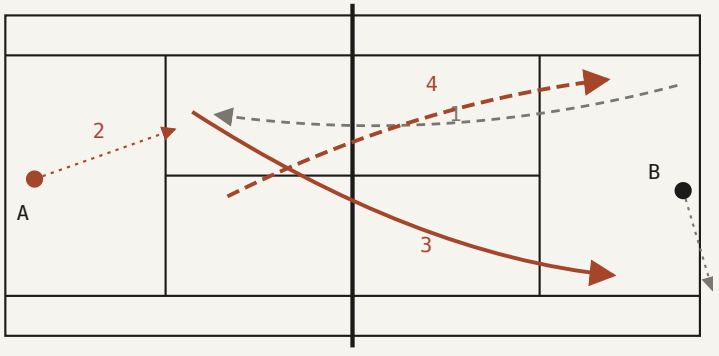


Fig. 2 · Player A left, Player B right.

05 Three moments from the video

Time codes match the video in your account. Open them in order.

12:41
TACTICS

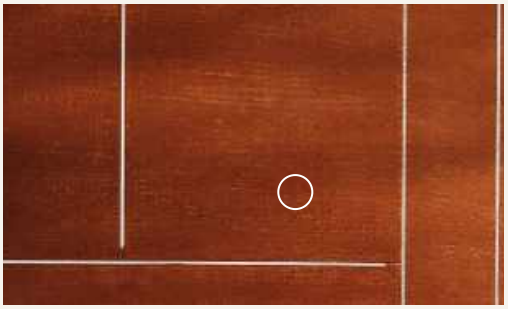


Fig. 3 · Frame at 12:41

3–2, 30–40, A serving

Second serve to the body on break point

Player B has moved left before the toss and steps inside the baseline. The return lands at the feet and the point is over in three shots.

Instead: go wide when he cheats left. Decide before the toss, not during it.

▶ Watch from 12:41 in the video

27:08
FIX

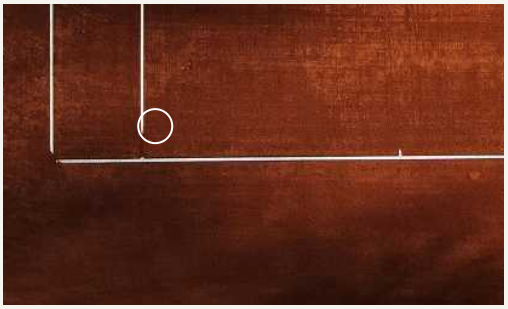


Fig. 4 · Frame at 27:08

4–4, deuce

Late backhand in the ninth shot

The shoulder turn starts after the bounce, contact is behind the hip and the ball goes into the net. Same timing as in four other backhand errors.

Instead: turn as soon as you read the direction. Split step, turn, then move.

▶ Watch from 27:08 in the video

41:55
KEEP

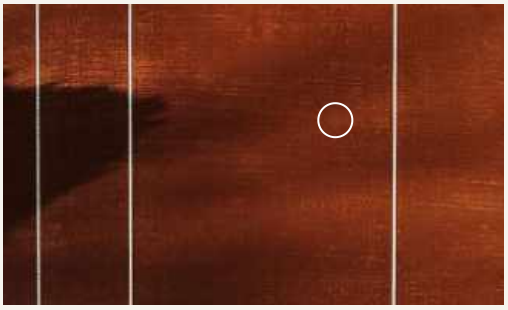


Fig. 5 · Frame at 41:55

5–5, 15–15

Inside-out forehand opens the court

Short cross-court ball, Player A steps in and plays inside-out with height. Player B is pulled wide and the next ball is an easy winner.

Instead: look for this after every short return. It won 4 of 5 times in the set.

▶ Watch from 41:55 in the video

06 Training plan, next two weeks

For the coach on court. About 20 minutes per drill, three sessions a week. Tick the box when the target is hit.

	DRILL	HOW	TARGET	WK 1	WK 2
1	**Called second serve**	Coach calls body or wide after the toss starts. Second serves only, alternate deuce and ad. Same toss for both.	8 of 10 in	☐	☐
2	**Three-shot pattern**	Serve, return, then the first ball inside the baseline goes down the line. Score only the third shot.	6 of 10	☐	☐
3	**Early turn under pace**	Deep, heavy feeds to the backhand. Player says "turn" at the split step, then hits cross-court with margin.	15 in a row	☐	☐
4	**Deep middle return**	Returns only, to a 2 m wide target in the middle, behind the service line.	50% deep	☐	☐

Check in the next match

- ☐ Second serves split across at least two zones
- ☐ Points won on second serve above 45%
- ☐ Points won in 0–4 shot rallies above 50%
- ☐ Fewer than 5 backhand unforced errors

Coach's note

The tennis is there. Once the rally starts he is the better player. Fix the first four shots and this set is 6–4 the other way. Send me the next match in about three weeks and we compare.

Piotr Kusiewicz
ITF Level 2 · ATP Level A

Questions about this report: reply in your account messages within 7 days. We answer within one working day. tacticaltennislab.com